THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

[OFFICIAL.]

SCHEDULE OF STAMP DUTIES.

FROM AND AFTER AUGUST 1, 1864.

Acknoweldgement,

Of deeds — exempt.

Affidavit.

Affidavit — 5 cts.
Affidavit in suits or legal proceedings — exempt.

Agreement,

Or Appraisment (for each sheet, or piece of paper on which the same is written) — 5cts.

Assignment,

Or transfer of mortgage, lease, or policy of insurance, the same duty as the original instrument
Assignment of patent right — 5cts.

Bank Checks,

Drafts or orders, &c., at sight or on demand — 2cts.

Bills of Exchange,

[FOREIGN,]

[Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, each bill of set of three or more, must be stamped.

For every bill of each set, where the sum made payable does not exceed one hundred dollars, or the equivalent thereof in any foreign currency in which such bills may pe expressed, according to the standard of value fixed by the United States — 2cts

For every additional hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one hundred dollars — 2cts

(Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, (if drawn singly or in duplicate,) pay the same duty as Inland Bills of Exchange.

[The acceptor or acceptors of any Bill of Exchange, or order for the payment of any sum of money drawn, or purporting to be drawn, in any foreign country, but payable in the United States, must, before paying or accepting the same, place thereupon a stamp indicating the duty.)

Bills of Exchange,

[INLAND.]

(Inland, draft or order.) payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note, whether payable on demand or at a time designated, (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment,) for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 cts.

For every additional $100, or fractional part thereof — 5 cts.

[The warrant of attorney to confess judgment on a note or bond is exempt from stamp duty, if the note or bond is properly stamped.]

Bills of Lading,

Of vessels from ports of the United States to British North America — exempt
Bills of lading or receipt for goods to any part of the United States — 10 cts.

Bills of Sale,

Of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed five hundred dollars — 50 cts.
Bill of sale exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000 — $1 00
Bill of Sale exceeding $1,000, for each $500, or fractional part thereof — 50cts.
Bills of Sale of personal property, other than ship or vessel.) — 5 cts

Bonds,

Personal for the payment of money. (See Mortgage.) — $1 00
Bond, official
Bond for indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where ultimately recoverable thereupon is $1,0 0, or less — 50 cts.
Bond where the money recoverable exceeds $1,000, or fractional part thereof — 50 cts.
Bond of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this Schedule — 25 cts.

Certificates,

Of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 1 cts.
Certificates of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 cts.
Certificates of stock in an incorporated company — 25 cts.
Certificates general. — 5cts.
Certificates of record upon the instrument recorded — exempt.
Cert ficates of record upon the book — exempt.
Certificate of weight or measurement of animals, coal, wood, or other articles, except weighers' and measurers' returns — exempt.
Certificates of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of Deeds, or Notary Public — 5 cts.
Certificates of search of records — 5 cts.
Certificates that certain papers are on file. — 5 cts.
Certificates that certain papers cannot be found — 5 cts.
Certificates of redemption of land sold for taxes — 5cts.
Certificates of birth, marriage, and death — 5 cts.
Certificates of qualification of school teachers — 5 cts.
Certificates of profits in an incorporated company for a sum not less than $1, and not exceeding $50 — 10 cts.
Certificates exceeding $50, and not exceeding $1,000 — 25 cts.
Certificates exceeding 1,000 for every additional $1,000 or fractional part thereof — 25cts,
Certificates of damage, or otherwise, and all other certificates for documents, issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such — 25 cts.

Certified Transcripts,

Of judgments, satisfaction of judgments, and of all papers recorded on file — 5 cts.
(N. B.—As a general rule, every certificate which has, or may have, a legal value in any court of law or equity, will require a stamp duty of 5 cts.)

Charter Party,

Or letter, memorandum, or other writing between the captain, owner, or agent of any ship, vessel, or steamer, and any other person, relating to the charter of the same, if the registered tonnage of said ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed one hundred and fifty tons — $1 00
Charter party exceeding one hundred and fifty tons, and not exceeding three hundred tons — $3 00
Charter party exceeding three hundred tons, and not exceeding six hundred tons — $5 00
Charter party exceeding six hundred tons. — $10 00

Check,

Or order for the payment, of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand — 2 cts.

Contract.

(See Agreement.)
Contract, broker's. — 10 cts.

Conveyance,

Deed, instrument, or writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold, shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500. — 50 cts.
Conveyance exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000. — $1 00
Conveyance for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1,000. — 50 cts.

Endorsement

Of any negotiable instrument — exempt.

Entry

Of any goods, wares, or merchandise at any custom-house, either for consumption or warehousing, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value. — 25 cts.
Entry exceeding one hundred dollars, and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — 50 cts.
Entry exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — $1 00
Entry for withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse. — 50 cts.

Gauger

Returns, if for quantity not exceeding 500 gallons, gross. — 10 cts.
Gauger, exceeding 500 gallons. — 25 cts.

Insurance.

(Marine, Inland, and Fire,) when the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed $1 — 10 cts.
Insurance, exceeding $10, and not exceeding $50. — 25 cts.
Insurance, exceeding $50 — 50 cts.
Insurance (Life,) when the amount insured does not exceed $1000. — 25 cts.
Insurance, exceeding $1,000, and not exceeding $5,000. — 50 cts.
Insurance, exceeding $5000. — $1 00
Insurance, limited to injury to persons while traveling. — exempt.

Lease,

Of lands or tenements, where rent does not exceed $300 per annum. — 50 cts.
Lease exceeding $300, for each additional $200 or fractional part thereof in excess of $3 0. — 50 cts.
Lease perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance," the stamp duty to be measured by resolving the annual rental into a capital sum.
Lease, clause of guaranty of payment of rent, incorporated or indorsed, five cents additional.

Manifest,

For custom house entry or clearance of the cargo of any ship, vessel, or steamer for a foreign port, if the registered tonnage of such ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed 300 tons. — $1 00
Manifest exceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons. — $ 00
Manifest exceeding 600 tons. — 5 00

Measurers' Returns,

If or quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels — 10 cts.
Measurers' Returns exceeding one thousand bushels. — 25 cts

Mortgage,

Trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100, and not exceeding $500. — 50 cts.
Mortgage exceeding $5 0, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $5 0. — 50 cts.

Pawners' Checks.

Pawners' Checks. — 5 cts.

Pension Paper.

Powers of attorney, and all other papers relating to applications for bounties, arrearages of pay or pensions, or to receipt thereof. — exempt.

Passage Tickets,

From the United States to a foreign port costing not more than $35. — 50 cts.
Passage Ticket from the United States to a foreign port, costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50. — $1 00
Passage Ticket for every additional $50, or fractional part thereof in excess of $50. — $1 00

Power of Attorney,

To sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends the on. — 25 cts.
Power of Attorney to vote at election of incorporated company — 10 cts.
Power of Attorney to receive or collect rents — 25 cts.
Power of Attorney to sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate. — $1 00
Power of Attorney for any other purpose. — 50 cts.

Probate of Will,

Or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000. — $1 00
Probate of Will for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $2,000 — 50 cts.
Probate of Will, bonds of executors, administrators, guardians, and trustees, are each subject of a stamp duty of — $1 00
Probate of Will certificate of appointment. — 5 cts.

Protest

Upon bill, note, check, or draft — 25 cts.

Promissory Note.

(See Bills of Exchange, Inland.)
Promissory deposit note to mutual insurance companies, when policy is subject to duty. — exempt.
Promissory Notes, renewal of, subject to same duty as an original note.

Quit Claim Deed,

To be stamped as a conveyance, except when given as a release of a mortgage by the mortgagee to the mortgager, in which case it is exempt.

Receipts

For the payment of any sum of money or debt due exceeding $20, or for the delivery of any property — 2 cts.
Receipt for satisfaction of any mortgage or judgment or decree of any court. — exempt.

Sheriffs' Return,

Return on writ, or other process. — exempt.

Trust Deed.

Made to secure a debt, to be stamped as a mortgage.
Trust Deed, conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as a conveyance.

Warehouse Receipts

For any goods, wares, or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse, not exceeding $500 in value. — 10 cts.
Warehouse Receipt exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000. — 20 cts.
Warehouse Receipt exceeding $1,000, for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1,000. — 10 cts.
Warehouse Receipts for any goods, &c., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard. — 25 cts.

Writs and Legal Documents.

Writ, or other original process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity — 50 cts.
Writ, or other original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100, or over. — 50 cts.
Upon every confession of judgment or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid. — 50 cts.
Writs, or other process on appeals from justices' courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record. — 50 cts.
Warrant of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100. — 25 cts.
Warrant of distress, when amount exceeds $ 10 — 50 cts.
Writs, summons, and other process issued by a justice of the peace, police or municipal court, of no greater jurisdiction than a justice of the peace in the same state — exempt.
Writs, and other process in any criminal or other suits commenced by the United States or any State. — exempt
Official documents, instruments, and papers issued or used by officers of the United States Government. — exempt.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duties chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp required thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whose use it is made may stamp it before it is used; but in no case can it be legally used without a stamp; and if issued after the 30th of June, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot be afterwards effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument to appropriately stamp it renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrant, publication, petition, &c., in which cases these, as the original processes, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original processes.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan, in which there shall appear any written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at a time designated, are subject to stamp duty as "Promissory Notes."

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same stamp duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof of the amount secured by the mortgage at the time of its assignment, there must be fixed a stamp or stamps denoting a duty of fifty cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamp to which the instrument is liable under the law may be affixed and canceled by any one of the parties.

In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required; and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rate required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case, a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

WE STRIVE TO PLEASE.

FARRIS & LACK,

MERCHANT TAILORS & CLOTHERS,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.

Have just received their Spring stock of
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
READY MADE
CLOTHING,
HATS,
CAPS,
SHIRTS,
COLLARS,
CRAVATS, AND
GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING
GOODS.

These Goods were purchased at low rates for CASH, and will be sold at prices which will enable us to live and let our patrons live.

If you want Fine French Cloths and Cassimeres call at FARRISS & LACK'S.
If you want fine German or American Goods, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want good Ready Made Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want Cheap Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want good Clothing made in good Style, call at FARRISS & LACK'S

We say nothing of our STYLE AND TASTE as we prefer that our work should speak for us and not we should speak for our work. We refer only one desiring information on this point to our patrons.

We do not say we have more goods than any one else, and that we will sell lower than any one else, but we do say we have a good stock, and are receiving weekly accessions thereto. We will say further that we have bought these goods and intend to sell them.

If you want bargains, GIVE US A CALL.

Cotton, Corn, Bacon, Flour and Lard taken in exchange for Goods.

GIVE US A CALL.

April 7-205 tf. FARRISS & LACK.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, April 6th, 1866.

The Public are informed that the speed over this road has been increased and close connections are made with all trains going North & South. Passengers do not change Cars from Charlotte to Weldon.

To Baltimore, and other Cities North, the fare is as low as by any other route and time as quick.

Through tickets to all places North, by both Petersburg and Richmond and Washington City, and by Norfolk and Bay Steamers, and to the Principal Cities in the North West, via Baltimore & Ohio Rail road—Baggage checked through. To Shippers very great inducements are offered. It is the quickest, safest, and as cheap as by any other route. Freight is shipped through without breaking bulk from Charlotte to Norfolk. The connections at Norfolk with Superior Ocean Steamers commend this route to all interested in shipping.

A. JOHNSON,
Raleigh, April 9-204-1m — Sup't.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Cape Fear, to be held at their banking house in Wilmington, on Thursday, the 3rd day of May next, is called to consider the general affairs of the Bank, and particularly whether proceedings shall be instituted on the part of the Bank, under the act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to enable the Banks of this State to close their business," ratified March 12th.

J. G. BURR, Cashr.
Wilmington, N. C. April 4 200 1dm

Standard, "Old North State," Salisbury, Greensboro' Patriot, Salem Press, Fayetteville News and Newbern Times publish till May 1, and forward accounts to Principal Bank at Wilmington.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF RALEIGH N. C.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES E JOHNSON, M. D., *President.*
HIRAM W. HUSTED, *Vice President.*
R. H. BATTLE, *Secretary.*

DIRECTORS.

CHARLES E. JOHNSON,	EVERARD HALL
HIRAM W. HUSTED,	JAMES M. TOWLES,
WILLIAM H. JONES,	QUENTIN BUNBEE,
CHARLES B. ROOT,	JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAM H. McKEE, M. D	WILLIAM R MILLER,
KEMP P. BATTLE,	ALBERT JOHNSON,

R. H. BATTLE.

Policies issued payable after death, or when the Insurer shall attain a certain age, *free from the claims of creditors, if parties insure for the benefit of wife and children.* Premiums, over thirty dollars, may be paid, half in cash and half in premium note on *Life Policies.*

Office of the company in the Bank of Cape Fear in Raleigh.

All communications for the office in Raleigh must be addressed to R. H. BATTLE, Sec'y
March 8 177-d3m. Raleigh N. C.

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND SUP'T.,
WILMINGTON, Mar. 22, 1866.

CHANGE OF SCEDULE.

On and after the 25th inst., TRAINS will run over this road as follows

MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS,

Leave Wilmington daily at	9 30 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at	3 46 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	9 45 A. M.
Leave Weldon daily at	1 30 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at	7 12 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington at	1 45 A. M.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS,

Leave Wilmington daily except Sundays at	6 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at	1 30 P. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	8 45 P. M.
Leave Weldon daily except Sundays at	6 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at	12 47 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington at	8 45 P. M.

The Mail trains make close connections through to New York and Charleston by inland and Bay routes, also with Raleigh and Gaston trains.

Trains leave Goldsboro at 4 A. M., and 5 P. M., going West, and 8 15 A. M., going East. Trains from the West arrive at Goldsboro' at 12 40 A. M, and 7 45 A. M., from the East at 9 45 P. M.

All dry goods and light groceries will be carried by these daily Freight trains, and close connections will be made with trains on the N. C. Railroad, daily except Sundays. Goods by steamers will be sent forward the day after they are received into the Warehouse. No extra charge by this train, which we hope our patrons, old as well as new, will notice.

We do not underbid our neighbors, but work as low as any, and will deliver as promptly as the best, and claims for loss or damage will be adjusted at once, if presented according to our rules.

S. L. FREMONT,
Engineer and Superintendent.
March 26-193 1m.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,

WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,

No. 14 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

GEO. W. SWEPSON, R. W. PULLIAM.

JUST RECEIVED,

Muscovada Molasses,
Extra C Sugars,
Prime Factory Cheese,
No. 1 Mackerel in Kitts.

Offered to the trade at LOWEST PRICES.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 20, 187, tf. 14 Fayetteville Street

IN STORE

10 bbls. Spirits Turpentine in perfect order.
1000 Bunches Spun Cotton. Best quality in fine order in bales of 250lb. bunches each.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 20-187-tf 14 Fayetteville St

JUST RECEIVED.

37 Boxes Manufactured TOBACCO,
Spun Cotton assorted from
No. 8 to 13.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
Raleigh, March 22, 189, tf 14 Fayetteville St.

An Act to regulate the terms of the Supreme Court and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly, of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, as follows:

SEC. 1. That the terms of the Supreme Court shall be hereafter held in the City of Raleigh twice in each year, beginning on the second Mondays of January and June instead of the terms now prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. Causes depending in said Court, which have been discontinued, in consequence of the failure of the Judges to hold any of its regular terms, shall be reinstated on the docket by the Clerk.

SEC. 3. The publication of this act in some newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks after its ratification, shall be deemed notice to the parties, their Agents and Attorneys.

SEC. 4. This act shall be in force, from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 10th. day of March A. D. 1866.

S. F. PHILLIPS S. H. C.
C. S. WINSTEAD, S. S.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this Office.

Given under my hand the 16th. day of March A. D. 1866

R. W. BEST,
March 17-185-6w. Sec'y of State

A MARBLE FRONT
AT HILLSBORO'.

WE ARE opening the finest Stock of French, British and Austrian Goods, ever seen. Samples sent to Students, at X Road prices.

NOT MARBLE FRONT PRICES!

Money received on deposit at 6 per cent, Gold subject to draft, at 30 days interest from date of receipt. Reference everybody. We have never suffered a protest on our Paper. N. C. old sixes on deposit draw 3 per cent in U. S. Currency per annum.

BROWN, PARKS & CO.
mar22, 189, tf

VIRGINIA TO EUROPE DIRECT.

The Splendid British Steamship

EPHESUS,

CAPT. WM. COLLINGS,

Will leave Norfolk for Liverpool, direct, on or about May 1st.

For freight, apply to
WILLIAM LAMB,
Norfolk Va.

Messrs. Chieves & Osborne, Agents,
Petersburg, Va.
Messrs. MacAndrews & Co., Agents,
Liverpool.

April 5-201-3w*

1866.

ATTRACTIVE SPRING STOCK
OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Trade to our very desirable and choice stock of

American and British Fancy Dress Goods,

among which may be found the latest styles *imported this season*, together with an extensive assortment of superior

STAPLE GOODS,
AND
NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

We particularly call the attention of Merchants visiting this city to our large stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

and hesitate not to say that we are prepared to offer extra inducements. Our stock is new and fresh embracing a general assortment of desirable Goods—all recently purchased at reduced rates and will be offered at prices to suit the trade at our Wholesale Ware Room on Second Floor of Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

where Capt. Edward Graham and Mr. John McNeece will be glad to see their old friends and the Trade generally.

McILWAINE & CO.
Petersburg, Va., March 15, 183, 2m

McILWAINE & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

The subscribers respectfully offer their services to the TRADE NORTH and SOUTH, and to the PLANTERS of VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA, in the purchase and sale of

GROCERIES, COTTON,
TOBACCO, GRAIN, &c.

They trust, by strict personal attention to all business confided to their care, to secure a continuance of the confidence so liberally bestowed on the late firm of

McILWAINE, SON & CO.,

of which our senior was so long a member.

McILWAINE & CO.

ROBT. D. McILWAINE,
FRANK POTTS,
S. S. BRIDGERS,

Mr. EDWARD GRAHAM, of the late firms of McIlwaine & Graham and Hamilton & Graham, can be found with us, where he will be pleased to see his friends.

Petersburg, Va., Feb. 23,-176--6ms.

1866 1866

SPRING STOCK.

JUST AS WE EXPECTED.

OUR NEW PLAN OF CONDUCTING BUSINESS

IS working like a charm, viz: One of our firm, remaining constantly in the Northern Markets, gives us great advantages in purchasing all the late Novelties in Fashion, at the *recent heavy decline in prices.*

We are now receiving a most superb Stock of Ladies Dress Goods, consisting of Black and colored Silks,

MOZAMBIQUES,
GRENADINES,
SPRING CHALLIES,
ORGANDY MUSLINS,
COINTZ JACONETS,
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN CALICOES
POPLINETTES,
BAREGES,
ARGENTINES,
TARLTANS,
SWISS, JACONET,
AND NANSOOK MUSLIN.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
March 23-191-tf. RALEIGH, N. C.

SILK MANTILLAS,

Basques, Seques, Parasols, Furs, &c., &c.,
A beautiful stock
March 23-191-tf W. H. & R. S TUCKER.

LADIES' HATS, GAITERS, SHOES, HOSIERY, & GLOVES, &c., &c.,
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, March 23, 191 tf.

GENTS' & MENS FINE SOFT FRENCH

Hats and Dress Hats, fine Shoes, Gaiters, &c., &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
March 23-191-tf

BOYS' AND MISSES' HATS & SHOES,

A large assortment. Call and examine our Stock. It will pay you, as we have bought goods very low and will sell them cheap.
March 23-191 tf W. H. & R. S TUCKER

KEEP COOL!

200,000 lb's Pure Flint Ice!!

Parties desiring can procure ICE, by the Season, on very moderate terms.
April 13-208tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

BOARDING.

One or two small Families can find Board and Lodging with

Mrs. M. J. Fentress,

BOARD by the day, week or month
March 21, 188-tf

VANCE, DOWD & JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Having associated themselves together, will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg, Iredell, Catawba, Davidson, Rowan, Cabarrus and Union, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts.

Claims collected any where in the State.
Mar. 30-196 tf.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitutes a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 6.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	3 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

A. J. DEROSSET, WM. L. DEROSSET, GRAHAM DAVIS.

DEROSSETT & CO.,

Formerly DeRossett & Brown.
(Established in 1839.)

General Commission Merchants,

No. 6 NORTH WATER ST.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,

WILL give personal attention to the purchase and sale of Produce of every description, and to receiving and forwarding goods.
Feb 23, 166, 6m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

DAVIS & JONES,

GROCERS,
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 26 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

consisting of

Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal, Corn, Copperas,
Buckwheat, Cheese,
Pickled Oysters,
Champagne, Ale
Porter, Bladder Snuff,
Soda and Butter Crackers,
Tea Cakes, Percussion Caps,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Wood and Wilow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,
Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c

We respectfully solicit consignments of
Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,
and
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention.
Feb 1,. 3m147. DAVIS & JONES.

FOR SALE.

25 Barrels of Tar, in excellent order.
March 24-192-tf DAVIS & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.

COTTON SEED! COTTON SEED!!

A fine lot of Extra quality Pomegranate COTTON SEED, one and two years old,
In Store and for Sale by
March 24-192-tf DAVIS & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.

10 FOUR or six horse Waggons, in good running order, for sale by
March 5, 174, tf DAVIS & JONES.

JACOB KULL & SONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
November 23-91-6m-pd.

PUTIASKI COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville Street,
Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,

Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited. COWPER & MOORE.
Jan. 23, 139, tf.

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders the COWPER & MOORE

Buckwheat and Early Garden Peas.

VERY superior Buckwheat at 7 per cents per pound by the 25 pounds. Early Washington and Marrowfat Garden Peas at 30 cents a quart.
COWPER & MOORE.
Feb. 24, 167, tf.

Houses and Lots for Sale.

ONE House and Lot on Hillsboro Street, seven rooms attached, and one on Halifax Street, 8 rooms and about one acre of land attached. Both houses in good order and well located.

Also, a lot of fine Yadkin County Whiskey just received. COWPER & MOORE.
Feb 23, 166, tf

HENSHAW & THORBURN
COMMISSION & SHIPPING
MERCHANTS,

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 71 6m.

DONT FORGET.

That OUR BLANKS—the greatest variety—for County officers, Lawyers and others, are gotten up in the best style, by one of the best Lawyers and most thorough business men in N. C. Large lot on hand.
April 14-tf COWPER & MOORE.

A. A. MOFFITT. W. D. MOFFITT. JOHN M'LAURIN

MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 4 South Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.
Jan. 27, 162, 6m.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES. Editors.

Tuesday, April 24, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month,	1 00
" two months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly, per year,	5 00
Weekly, per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

Mail Contractors and Postmasters.

Dr. A. Jobe, the Special Mail Agent for North Carolina, has his Head Quarters in this City.—All letters pertaining to mail contractors and Post Masters should be addressed to him at this place.

Where there are contractors on mail routes, there must be Post Masters, or mail matter cannot be left with others.

Any boy over sixteen years of age, or a single lady or *widow*, as well as a man who is competent and honest, can take the "test oath," and give a bond, may be appointed Post Master or Post Mistress.

Methodist General Conference.

As yet the proceedings of this body have not reached us beyond the eighth or ninth day.

The proposition to amend the name of the Church, to that of simply "The Methodist Church," has been reported upon favorably by the Committee, but had not been acted upon. The proposition appears to meet with considerable favor.

So far, no definite action has been taken upon any important proposition. Memorials continue to flow in from every quarter in reference to changes. The session bids fair to be a long and arduous one, unless the health of the city should make an early adjournment necessary.

Our private advices lead us to conclude, that several of the proposed changes will be adopted. The number of Bishops will be doubled perhaps, the pastorate will be cautiously extended, class meetings, as a test of membership, will be made hereafter a matter of choice, the lay element will be recognized in the legislative and executive departments of the Church.—Greater license will no doubt be given individual congregations in regard to pews, sittings, &c.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.—The executor of the estate of John S. Herron lately applied to the United States Circuit Court of the District of West Tennessee, for an injunction against Gen. B. P. Runkle, Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau, to restrain him from enforcing upon the personal property of the estate a judgment in favor of a freedman. Judge Trigg decided that the Freedmen's Bureau was a war measure, unknown to the laws; the exercise of military power, which ceased with the end of the war; that the tribunals it set up could not be recognized as courts in the legal sense, and that however valid their judgments or decrees may have been during the war, or by whatever right they may have been enforced as war measures, the termination of the war abrogated the courts created by it; and that the recent proclamation of the President of the United States is a declaration of *peace*, which sweeps from among us everything which savors of *military* constraint upon the *rights* of citizens, and restores to them the ordinary and peaceful channels for the assertion and enforcement of those rights.

CHILD'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES.—By JOHN BONNER. New-York: Harper & Brothers. 1866.

Burns says: "Some books are lies from end to end." This comes very near to being one of them. The author revels in untruth. He dodges the truth as if it were a bomb. He laps lies as a dog from a hunt laps water. He does not falsify gracefully. He has taken the yellow-fever of fanaticism, and reached the stage of the "black vomit." His language is in the style of a wild drunken pot house politician.—The book can do no harm among adult people of intelligence; but that a man should set himself to deceive children, to inoculate them with the virus of falsehood, to instigate their passions, and to create foul and hurtful prejudices, is horrible to contemplate. No decent family, North or South, should let this book enter their home-circle. We have destroyed our copy.—And more, it grieves us that so respectable a firm as our friends, the Messrs. Harper, should issue such a book as this. We hope it is the last of its kind. If we have written with energy, it is because we cannot forbear, and we have written in the interests of truth, and childhood, and patriotism.

We clip the foregoing slashing critique from a late number of the *Watchman*, of New York. We have, ourselves, heretofore warned our people against the pestilent school literature attempted to be introduced in our midst from the North. Let them discard all the recent publications of that character, or only accept them after due examination. Especially let them avoid the late cheap and professed histories of the war, which are full of the most flagrant perversions of truth and the most indecent reflections upon the South.

However much it may astonish the *Watchman*, it does not surprise *us*, that the "Harpers should issue such a book" as the one in question. Their press has been, for years, a common sewer, through which has flowed the most filthy detraction of Southern men and manners. The proprietors, themselves, have always been abolitionists of the "strait sect" stripe, though they have grown rich, to a considerable extent,—to our shame be it said,—upon Southern patronage and profits.

FORSYTH CO.—We learn from the Salem *Press* that, at the late term of the Superior Court for this County, true bills were found against seven persons, charged with being implicated in the shooting of several persons in the county,—all members of the late 1st. N. C. Battalion, commanded by Capt. R. E. Wilson.

JULIAN, the Apostate Emperor of Rome, though he persecuted the Christians, in whose faith he had been educated, is nevertheless represented by the historian to have possessed some redeeming traits of character. JULIAN, of the United States Congress, from the State of Indiana, in infidelity, blasphemy, and vindictiveness, leaves his prototype and namesake far behind. It can be plead, in partial extenuation of the one, that he lived in a day when the minds of men were but feebly illumined with the great truths of Christianity. It aggravates the diabolical temper and spirit of the latter, that he represents an American constituency, in the full noon-blaze of the 19th. Century.

We find, in the report of the proceedings of the late Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, at the National Capital, published in the *Intelligencer*, the following abstract:

"Hon. George W. Julian, of Indiana, was the next speaker. He had come here, he said, not to make a speech, but hear a talk from military men. He was a mere civilian, and had been educated a Quaker. (Applause.) He was in favor of the equalization of bounties as a matter of justice to the soldier. But he hoped that the Military Committee would not equalize bounties by giving land, which he argued would be unjust and fallacious. While he was in favor of the resolution requesting the equalization of bounties, he was also in favor of that resolution which demanded the adequate punishment of the leaders of the rebellion. This has been a mighty war, and some one has been infernally guilty for it. Take Jeff. Davis. He murdered in cold blood 300,000 soldiers; he starved others in rebel prisons and inaugurated conspiracies; he had a part in the murder of your martyred President and ran over the whole gamut of devilment, making the devil himself ashamed of his occupation. He is in our power. The speaker would indict him, try him by due process of law, and erect a strong gallows and hang him in the name of God! (Applause.)—Vengeance was not demanded, but all that was asked was justice to the United States. If he (the speaker) were President of the United States, and he allowed Jeff. Davis to go free, he would fear that the ghosts of the murdered soldiers would rise up in vengeance. Referring to Robert E Lee, the speaker said that the Government, in allowing him to walk up and down the hills of old Virginia, declared to the world that treason was not a crime. He has turned schoolmaster, said the speaker, and is teaching the young idiots down there. If the speaker had power over him he would give him a free ticket to Dante's ninth hell, which was specially reserved for traitors, (applause,) unless he repented. He (the speaker) believed in repentance, and he would give Lee a copy of Baxter's Call to the Unconverted, and then hang him, and leave it for the Almighty to decide upon the reality of the conversion."

Could a fiend, freshly exorcised from the *Inferno* itself, have indulged in more Satanic utterances? We confess to our exceeding surprise, that such a tirade of irreverence, profanity and cruelty should have excited "applause" in any civilized assemblage,—much less from an audience of soldiers, who have learned, or should have learned, in the field, that magnanimity to the fallen is the characteristic of the truly brave man, and that courage, heroism, and devotion to duty, no matter in what cause displayed, are worthy of honor and of admiration. It is a sad augury, that men who have learned and felt these things, should allow themselves to be so far enmeshed in the toils of the Radical furies at Washington as to forget and ignore them.

This man, Julian, of course, never saw the *front*. On the contrary, the cowardly poltroon recently submitted, with great patience and philosophy, to a good caning over the *back*, administered by some one whom his foul tongue had injured. The greater the marvel that his presence should have been allowed among *soldiers!*

Julian is a fair representative of the Radical school. Wo betide the land, where such men and such a spirit are endorsed and applauded!

THE WORLD is in a tumult. All over the continent of Europe, in South America, and in Mexico, there are wars and rumors of wars.—Every day brings us intelligence of new complications and increased prospects of open ruptures. Austria, Prussia, and the German States, Hungary, Russia, and India, all seem to be involved in difficulties which may result in bloody strifes. England is watching the Fenian movement with intense anxiety, not knowing at what time the banner of rebellion may be raised upon her soil. The South American States are in a ferment and Spain is implicated in troubles in that quarter. France is looking out for developments upon the continent which may involve her. While such is the aspect of affairs, we, who have just emerged from a long and sanguinary war, are being criminally trifled with. Instead of seeking to cement our strength, combine our resources, and conciliate, harmonize, and unite our people, the Radicals factionists are pursuing a policy, which, while it is entirely inefficient for any good result, tends fearfully to alienate the affections and interests of the people and weaken us both for offensive and defensive operations, and at the same time exposes us to attacks which, in our present condition, could only result in terrible and humiliating disasters.

H. S. FOOTE has written a book, entitled the "War of the Rebellion," in which the name of Robert E. Lee does not appear. Imagine the play of Hamlet, with the character of the Prince of Denmark omitted!

Foote's attempt to avenge himself upon the dead Confederacy by this omission is contemptible and characteristic. He probably learned his tactics from an incident in his own experience. Says Foote to Benton: "I give the Senator notice that I am writing a little book, which is full of the name and history of the gentleman!" Says Benton to Foote: "And I give *you* notice, sir, that I am writing a very *big* book, in which your name does not appear at all!"

ECCLESIASTICAL.—Bishop Atkinson preached in Tarboro on Thursday last, and administered the rite of Confirmation to nine persons.

Rev. Jno. B. Hardwick, former pastor of the Byrne Street Baptist Church, Petersburg, Va., has received a call to the pastorate of the Baptist Church in Goldsboro.

The Venezuelian Land Company.

We publish below the communication, to which we referred on Saturday last, from Senor Florencio Ribas, the Venezuelian Secretary of Legation to the United States, addressed to the Hon. Kenneth Rayner, of this city.

It seems that Dr. H. M. Price, of Scottsville, Albemarle county, Va., has obtained, for the benefit of a colony that may be disposed to avail themselves of its benefits, a grant of the entire province of Guiana, lying South of the Oronoco river and North of Brazil, with the Atlantic Ocean and British Guiana on the East.—The large tract of country, covered by the grant, contains upwards of two hundred millions of acres of land, unappropriated by private grant, and is absolutely conveyed to the grantees on condition of their settling on the same. From all concurrent accounts this is one of the most desirable and beautiful countries on the globe. It certainly offers an inviting field for the industry, energy and enterprise of those who may be disposed to participate in laying the foundations of a flourishing community.

As we have heretofore stated, however, we deprecate, as a general rule, the emigration of our citizens. When they *can* do so, with any probability of making a livelihood for themselves and families, we would advise them to try the old North State a little longer. The prospect is gloomy, it is true, but the clouds may yet be dissipated and the sun shine through the murk. We have seen and heard of many of her children who have left her, but of scarcely one who did not desire to return.

But we publish the letter for general information. In matters of such grave importance, every one should be left to follow the bent of his own inclinations and convictions, and the promptings of his own interests.

NEW-YORK, April 9th, 1866.
35 West 33rd Street.

Hon. K. Rayner, Raleigh, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—I am receiving so many letters from the Southern States, asking for information in relation to Dr. Henry M. Price's grant, and the resources of the territory of Guayana, and knowing too, that a great many others would like to know about it, I beg of you to have published the following letter, in some of the newspapers of the South.

It is a real fact, that Dr. Henry M. Price, of Scotsville, Va., has obtained a grant for the colonization of a tract of country situated between the Oconoco and the Amazona rivers, with Americans from the Southern States. The section of country where the grant has been made is benefitted by all the advantages that nature could bestow, or a colony could desire,—rich and productive land, well watered by magnificent and navigable rivers, with fine ports of entry, affording early communication with foreign markets, and also for home intercourse. The mineral and agricultural resources, and the great facilities the country affords for raising cattle, are unsurpassed by those of any country. To show you the extent of the latter, I will only say, that I know many owners of cattle estates,—neighbors to the place, where the grant has been made—that count on their estates two and three hundred thousand head of cattle. They grow by themselves, on these immense savannahs, with very little care of their owners. The mineral resources of the country are not less promising. They are working, at present, a gold mine of great richness, both in abundance and in quality; and it is generally believed that it is the celebrated "El Dorado," that the Spaniards lusted for, such a long time, but without success. I have been told that a great many have already realized fortunes, in working these mines. The quality of the gold is twenty-four carat in quality. That, you know, neither California nor Australia can equal. In the mineral line, you will also find copper, silver, lead, quicksilver, emerald, iron, &c., &c. With regard to the agricultural resources of the land, I will only say that every thing grows almost spontaneously, with all the luxury of a tropical vegetation. I cannot tell you the manifold productions of the land, that are, perhaps, unrivalled in the world, and they grow wild, viz: cochineal, indigo, peruvian-bark, sarsaparilla, vanilla, india-rubber, balsams of various kinds, copal, cotton, live oak, mahogany, several dye-woods, a great variety of hard wood, for all sorts of purposes, silk-grass, &c., &c.

They cultivate the sugar-cane, coffee, indigo, cotton, tobacco, and cocoa, with a very handsome profit. The timber qualities of the soil, I can assure you, have no equal in any other country. I cannot describe the great variety of vegetables, that are entirely unknown in this country—and in addition, they have all those you have here. Some of the Indians grow cotton for their own use, and it is not uncommon to see a cotton tree in full blossom, and at the same time, another one, bearing its ripe fruit.—The cotton tree bears seven and eight crops, in succession, and of different colors, according to the influence of the soil. The navigable advantages of the country are great. The Oronoco and the Amazona rivers are united by the river Madeira or Manora. So you see a natural communication between these three rivers, and therefore, with all the Hispano-American republics, and Brazil. The scenery of the country is most beautiful—with primeval forests, immense prairies or savannas, and bold mountains.—Magnificent rivers, rising in the far interior, empty themselves into the Oronoco, the Amazona, and the Atlantic ocean. The climate is generally healthy. It is warm in the vallies, and cool in the high lands. Baron Humboldt, in his travels in the tropics, says that the lands along the Caroni river are the best adapted for the settlement of an European colony, of any in America. There are few countries in South America, of equal advantages, for grazing and stock-raising; and no country abounds more in wild game of almost every variety. The exportation of deer-skins from Ciudad Bolivia amounted, last year, to more than half a million. The rivers are full of fish—enough to feed a very large population. To give you an idea of the abundance of turtle in the rivers, I will say that near Ciudad Bolivia, the municipal authorities give to the natives a yard deep from the shore, where they find millions of eggs, that they melt into oil, and of this they make a very handsome business. There are about fifty thousand Indians, uncivilized, but who, properly directed, could become useful members of society. Laborers could be obtained from the neighboring States, and from some of the West India Islands.

The government is ruled under a republican form. The Constitution is modelled upon that of the United States of America. The laws are liberal, and well administered. There is no country more hospitable to foreigners. All religions are allowed by the Constitution of the Republic. By the grant to Doctor Price, all the Americans that will emigrate will enjoy the same political, civil, and social rights as the Venezuelians, soon after they are settled in the country. They will enjoy certain privileges, that are denied to the natives—as to have free of duty all their productions, all the implements they require for the cultivation of the land, all the machinery, &c., for four years; and this privilege will be extended to a greater length of time, if this is necessary. The country has facilities for railroad communications; and the large net work of rivers, that crosses this large territory, are only waiting for steamboats, that will change those vast forests into great emporia of life, wealth and prosperity.

Dr. H. N. Price intends to go to Guayana, this Spring, in company with some gentlemen of respectability; and means to choose the place for the locality of the colony. I intend to go myself.

I am, Sir,
Yours most obediently,
FLORENCIO RIBAS.

(We have not the space, to-day, to publish Dr. Price's Circular, giving a more detailed account of the nature of the grant and the privileges offered, but will endeavor to make room for it to-morrow, or next day.)

WHEN THE corpse of Gen. Robert Hatton, of Tennessee, was being carried through the streets of Nashville, recently, a group of Federal officers politely raised their hats and saluted it.—The *Banner* justly thanks them for the chivalry of the thought,—for the gallantry of the deed. Such little touching tokens, from the generous living to the gallant dead, do more to strengthen the bonds of the Union than all the laws, civil or martial, in the world.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, April 21.

The Senate has passed the bill amenatory of the *habeas corpus* act. The bill grants immunity to army officers for acts committed in aid of the suppression of the rebellion, and exempts them from liability to civil courts for such acts.

During the discussion of the above bill Mr. Saulsbury remarked that if he were a judge he would pay no attention to it, believing it to be unconstitutional, which led to some sharp personal language between that Senator and Mr. Clark, who said, in the course of his remarks, that if the spirit of rebellion had crept into the Senate, there was more necessity for the passage of the bill.

The personal discussion was of some length.

The House was engaged on the army peace establishment bill.

The Cholera.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The disease on the steamer Virginia is pronounced marked Asiatic cholera by the health officers. Arrangements are making to secure all the passengers from the ship, and there will be no danger of the disease reaching the city from the vessel. The cholera appeared on board when the vessel was eight days out, and from one hundred to two hundred persons were attacked, of whom thirty-seven died. Twenty-one or twenty-two are now sick, eleven doubtful cases. The disease is entirely among the steerage passengers. The larger portion of the passengers are German, and it is supposed they brought the cholera on board. The mortality has been greater among them than among the Irish and English passengers. It is a singular circumstance that the disease broke out about the same place on the ocean at which the passengers on the England were attacked. The sick will be placed aboard the hospital ship Falcon.

Prentice on Brownlow.

"No other State was ever afflicted and disgraced and cursed with such an unmitigated and unmitigable, such an unredeemed and unredeemable black-guard as her Chief Magistrate. He is a parody, a caricature, a broad burlesque on all possible governors. Though he is but a single swine, there are as many devils in him as there were in the whole herd that "ran violently down a steep place into the sea." His heart is nothing but a hissing knot of vipers, rattlesnakes, cobra and cotton mouths. He never argued a question in his life, approaching no subject but with fierce, bitter, coarse, low and vulgar objurgations. His tongue should be bored through and through with his own steel pen, heated red hot.

This man, as we have said, calls himself a clergyman. He holds forth in pulpits. He preaches, prays, and exhorts, draws down his face, drops the corners of his mouth, and undertakes to look sanctimonious. And yethe seems always trying in his pulpit discourses to see under how thin a disguise he can venture to curse, and swear, and blaspheme. He can't offer up a prayer in the house of God without telling the Lord what an infernal scoundrel, infamous thief, or cursed vagabond, this, that or the other neighbor is. From his youth up to his old age he has had no personal controversies without attacking the wives, fathers, mothers, grandfathers, grandmothers, brothers, sisters, children, uncles, aunts and nephews of his opponents."
—*Louisville Journal.*

WASHINGTON, April 20.

The President's speech to the soldiers and sailors who serenaded and addressed him is the most bold and defiant utterance he has ever given since his accession to office. On every point he strikes with a surprising degree of strength, combined with a studied policy. It is the most politic of all his speeches. It ought to be so, for it is made under every advantage of a long hand-to-hand encounter with his opponents in Congress. He knows better now his own strength than he could have done before. This whole speech is remarkable, first for its defiance for his opponents, and next for his confidence of the ultimate and not distant success of his policy of restoration. Again, in this address he reasons with the people. He argues with them, while he denounces the faction that misleads them. The President must have felt himself perfectly secure in his political condition when he made this speech.

This appeal to the national army and navy, and his offer of preference for them in appointments for subordinate appointments, takes the wind out of the sails of the Radical demagogues of Congress, who have pretended to be the exclusive supporters and friends of the Union forces now disbanded, and, probably, State influential in a political conflict. He has won them to his side, and could in any emergency avail himself of them, sooner than could Senator Wilson, who not long ago intimated, in a speech in the Senate, that General Grant might again be called upon to lead the Union armies.—*Wash. Cor. Rich. Examiner.*

While the procession of darkeydom was passing the Capitol, during the late celebration in Washington, nearly all of the leading Radical Congressmen of both Houses went out on the spacious porticos and waved their handkerchiefs in saluting their brethren. The negroes became very enthusiastic, and twisted themselves into contortions in shouting their acknowledgment of the questionable compliment. Many of them exclaimed: "Yah, yah. Dem yere Congressmen am our Moses."

Major-General Shields has addressed a meeting in Missouri in support of the President.

GENERAL NEWS.

The President has approved the bill authorizing him to transfer a gunboat to the government of the republic of Liberia, which is to pay for the vessel; also the joint resolution protesting against pardons by foreign governments of persons convicted of infamous crimes, on condition of emigration to the United States; also the bill to reimburse the State of Missouri for moneys expended for the United States in enrolling, equipping and provisioning the militia forces to aid in suppressing the rebellion. The sum of $6,716,000 is appropriated for the purpose.

THE MISSISSIPPI FREEDMEN.—Judge Sharkey, formerly Provisional Governor of Mississippi, in his recent testimony before the Reconstruction Committee, stated that there were now in that State very little over one-half as many freedmen as there formerly were slaves. He said there was no way of estimating the mortality that prevailed among them; they died in immense numbers. The mortality among the colored people of the South, especially along the Mississippi river during the past five years, is well known. In 1860 there were 436,000 negroes in Mississippi, and by Judge Sharkey's statement, more than 200,000 of them must have died. This mortality shows a condition of affairs in the Southern States of the most deplorable character.

A terrible disaster occurred at Aspinwall on the 3d instant. There was a fearful explosion on board the steamship European—dstroying the ship, and four hundred feet of the wharf.—The cause is supposed to have been from nitroglycerine on board. About fifty persons were killed—among them the captain and officers of the ship.

There are ten daily newspapers published in New York, and some of these are so indifferently supported that they hardly pay expenses.—Memphis, Tenn., with one-tenth of the population of New York, supports nine daily newspapers, and all seem to be doing well. We thought the Southern people were not in the habit of reading newspapers—at least their radical friends in the North said so.

General Terry and Governor Buckingham are candidates for the Connecticut Senatorship.

When Voltaire was ordered by the Senators of Geneva to quit the dominions of the little republic in twenty-four hours, the incorrigible scoffer at all things venerable and sacred replied, "Magnificent sirs, it only requires three minutes."

Mrs. Margaret Fleming committed suicide in New York on Saturday by taking a box of Costar's rat exterminator.

BUTLER'S BUMPS.—A New York phrenologist has been examining General Butler's head, and has furnished the public, in the shape of a chart of character addressed to that distinguished officer, with the results of the inspection of his bumps. The document is a funny one throughout, but the following extract is especially entertaining:

"You are sure to make what you touch pay. You are an excellent judge of the value of property. Are almost skeptical in matters of religion. Are more radical than conservative, and if ever inclined to be conservative, are so from policy."

Can anybody question that phrenology is a science after this?

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The receipts from customs, internal revenue and miscellaneous sources for the present fiscal year will be over five hundred millions of dollars, or nearly one hundred and seventy-one million five hundred thousand more than those of the previous year.

Mrs. Jeff. Davis stopped at one of the stations in New York on her way to Montreal.—She was dressed in black, and is described as a large and handsome woman. Some of the police by-standers asked each other if she wore the same clothes Jeff. had on a bright sunny morning last May. She overheard the remark, but only looked upon it with silent contempt.

SUICIDE.—Lieutenant Ahrens, A. D. C., one of General Howard's staff, committed suicide in Washington, Thursday morning, by blowing out his brains with a pistol that he asked to examine in the gun shop of J. Kuehling.

He had for some days threatened to commit the rash act, and he had been closely watched by his friends. He was a Hungarian, and leaves a wife in the State of Michigan.

In the evidence in the late negro riots at Norfolk, it has been firmly established that no provocation was given for the horrible murders committed by the negroes.

Drunken negroes, in the uniform of the United States, with muskets in their hands, were a prominent feature in the late Norfolk riots.

A man out West says that he moved so often during one year, that whenever a covered waggon stopped at his gate his chickens would fall on their backs and hold up their feet in ordero to be tied and thrown in.

The mules have the rinderpest in the upper part of Louisana. Thirty eight died on one plantation in one night, twenty-five on another, and twenty on another.

NEGRO MUTINY.—The negroes are represented as getting very insolent and troublesome at the navy yard in Pensacola. A few evenings since a young man by the name of McBeth was shot by one of them, and will probaly lose the use of his arm. Many complaints are made of their insulting and mutinous conduct.

THE CROPS IN TEXAS.—General Gregory has returned from his tour in the interior of Texas. He reports the plantation work successful, and the crops will be the largest ever raised in the State.

The list of awards for the capture of Mr. Davis, and the arrest of the assassins of Mr Lincoln, has at length been sent to Congress. The largest award is to Colonel Pritchard, who receives ten thousand dollars as the captor of Mr. Davis.

President Johnson is more amiable than could be expected after his having his V-toes trodden on by the split hoofs of the Congressonal devils.—*Prentice.*

Thad. Stevens can't be relied on now, but when he shall stand upon his last platform, he will "do to tie to," says Prentice.

Millard Fillmore approves President Johnson's policy in a private letter to him. The *Tribune* adds that he was a friend to the South throughout the war.

A Prussian journal relates a singular fact. In an Israelite community there exists a Rabbi, esteemed and loved by all. To prove their gratitude for services rendered, the community decided (upon the suggestion of a rich merchant) to offer the Rabbi a present of a tun of wine, and in order that all might contribute to it, it was agreed that each should bring a bottle of wine and pour it into the receptacle. The Rabbi received with gratitude the offering, and with much precaution deposited the precious liquor in his cellar. But, oh grief! when he wished to taste it, a miracle had operated; instead of wine he found only water. His honest friends had all individually thought that a bottle of water would pass unperceived in the quantity of wine. Unhappily each had the same idea.

MARRIED.

In Granville County, on Thursday evening, 19th. inst. at the residence of John P. Blackwell, Esq. the bride's father, by the Rev. T. PAGE RICAUD, Mr. JOHN D WORTHAM to Miss NANNIE E BLACKWELL.

On the 5th inst. at the residence of Wm. A. Jones, in Edgecombe county, by the Rev. Thos. R. Owen, Maj. J C. BRYAN, of Ala., to Miss WILLIE A STATON, of that county.

At Maj. J. N McCall's, in Marion District, S. C. on the 18th inst. by Rev. Thos. Mitchell, ALEX. McRAE, Jr., to ELIZABETH A. McNAIR.

DIED:

On the 1st March, at his residence, in Cabarrus county, after a few hours' sickness, L. B. KRIMINGER Esq., in the 58th year of his age.

Of pneumonia, on the 22d ult. at the residence of Mr. E. R. Harris, Cabarrus county Dr. J. F. GILMER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PEACE INSTITUTE!

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Peace Institute at the office of Dr. W. R. Miller, above Creech's Store, on Wednesday, May 2nd., at 4 o'clock P M.

Those who cannot attend are requested to be represented by proxy

April 24 1w
N. C. Presbyterian copy once and forward bill.

NEWSPAPER OFFICE FOR SALE.

We will sell at a very low figure a newspaper office for a weekly paper 24x36. The press and material are new, having been used in all only about sixty days.

Address HEARNE & DUNHAM,
April 24-d&w2tc Editors "North Carolinian," Wilson, N C.

B. W. CONANT, Portsmouth, Va., J. B. HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C.

E. R. HUNTER,

WITH

CONANT & HUNTER,

General Commission Merchants

No. 56 High St., Portsmouth, Va.,

We are located at the terminus of the Seaboard & Roanoke, R. R., where we are at all times in readiness to receive consignments of Produce, Merchandize &c., fill orders and forward goods

Liberal advances made on consignment. Charges moderate

Direct shipments made to Liverpool or any European port.

REFER TO: R W. Lassiter, President R & G R R. Co., Albert Johnson Supt R & G R. Co., and W. E. Pell, Editor Sentinel.

April 24 3m

VALUABLE ENFIELD PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Will be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 19th. May next, that valuable property belonging to the late firm of Bell, Maner & Co. The lot will be divided into two, one of which has that large and commodious Store and Ware House. The other lot has no improvement, but is most eligibly situated for building purposes. Each lot will be sold separately. Further particulars and term made known on the day of sale.

JNO. P. McAULIFFE,
Agent of Bell, Maner & Co.
Enfield, N. C. April 23td.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. CO.,

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., April 19 1866.

Trains run as follows:

Passenger Train	Leave Raleigh	4 30 A M.
"	Arrive at Weldon,	1 40 "
"	Leave Weldon	4 30 P M.
"	Arrive at Raleigh	8 30 P M.

Freight & Accommodation Trains Leave Raleigh, on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays at, 7 00 A M.
Arrive at Weldon, 5 00 P. M.
Leave Weldon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5 00 A M.
Arrive at Raleigh 4 00 P. M.
ALBERT JOHNSON.
April 23 tf Gen. Supt.
Standard and Progress copy till forbid.

BALTIMORE AND WILMINGTON

STEAMSHIP LINE!!

Weekly Line of Steamers to Baltimore!!

CONNECTING WITH STEAMERS TO

LIVERPOOL,

BOSTON,

NORFOLK,

RICHMOND, &c.

The A 1 Steamships

ELLIE KNIGHT!

AND

JAMES A. GARY!

These Steamers will Leave Wilmington and Baltimore alternately every SATURDAY, thus forming a regular WEEKLY LINE.

Goods forwarded from Baltimore without extra charge.

For freight or passage; having supe ior State room accommodations, apply to

ATKINSON & SHEPPERSON,
11 North Water Street.
Wilmington, April 23-1m

MAGGIEL'S CHILLS AND FEVER PILLS!

Maggiel's Fever and Ague Pills!!

MAGGIEL'S FEVER AND AGUE

PILLS!!

THESE famous remedies, known throughout the great West of the United States for their extraordinary cures of

CHILLS, FEVER AND AGUE

are now thoroughly introduced in the State of North Carolina, and can be obtained of all enterprising, first class druggists.

They act as a tonic to all debilitated systems, taken in doses of

One Pill Three Times A Day,

before meals, and should be found in every family residing in miasmatic districts.

To any skeptic or one who does not believe in these marvellous preparations,

A Box Will be sent Free

If he is not cured with one and not more than two boxes, no charge will be made. The price of the Pills is high—say

$2 PER BOX:

but as they are a perfect cure without trouble or inconvenience, the charge is reasonable enough.

Address J. MAGGIEL, M. D., 43 Fulton St.,
New York.

CAUTION.

Watch narrowly and guard yourselves vigilantly against counterfeits. There just suppressed a notorious counterfeit in Wisconsin, after much trouble and expense. Purchase of only first class druggists and never of peddlers or traveling dealers.

April 21-4m

SITUATION WANTED!

A YOUNG LADY, who can give the highest possible references, and is well qualified to teach the elementary and higher English branches of education, desires a situation as Teacher.

Applications addressed to the Editors of the SENTINEL, making known terms, &c., will receive immediate attention.

April 23-tf.

THE SENTINEL.

Tuesday, April 24, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

[Reported Expressly for the Sentinel.]

Trial of Major Jno. H. Gee.

SYNOPSIS OF TESTIMONY.

THIRTY-THIRD DAY.

MONDAY, April 23, 1866.

Examination of Captain Fuqua continued:—Major Gee had no choice of sentinels for the prison; he received those that were sent to him by the officer commanding the troops. He was allowed men from Freeman's battalion, for special posts, as prison officials. After the guard was mounted, the way it was to be divided into reliefs had to be explained to the officers. When the reliefs were divided, the deficiency in the number of the guards was discovered.

The Commandant of the prisoners could not remove or change the Surgeons; don't know whether he could give them orders. I do not think an order in regard to the policing of the prison could have been given to the Surgeons, which they were bound to obey—that was the duty of the officer of the day. I think nothing better could have been done in regard to cleanliness.

Think Major Gee had no control over Quartermaster and Commissary. Maj. Morfit did not recognize Maj. Gee's authority over him. There was a placard on Morfit's workshops prohibiting anybody from going into them. The order was general, no exceptions to it. He claimed that his department was separate and distinct. He went to Danville or to Richmond without Gee's permission.

The original ground in the prison was higher toward the centre and rocky; it had the appearance of being macadamized.

Maj. Gee telegraphed to Richmond that if Col. Hinton's regiment and Snead's company were removed, the prisoners could not be secured. The removal of these troops decreased the number of sentinels, so that each post was extended from 20 to 30 yards. This was the case at the time of the outbreak, I think.

There were from 1500 to 1700 recruited at the prison. Major Gee never engaged in it—he thought it extremely disorderly. Major Turner was the first recruiting officer that came. He had authority from the War Department to recruit in Danville, and elsewhere, but not in Salisbury. Major Gee refused him permission to go in the prison. I am satisfied there was no placard posted in the prison in reference to recruiting, signed by Major Gee. These recruits were foreigners. Irishmen and Frenchmen were preferred. They were not allowed to recruit Americans.

It was customary to parole prisoners, who were given passes to go out. I don't know that all were paroled—don't know any that were not.

The prisoners could easily dig under the palisade. The portion of ground in the rear was light and soft. A man might scratch through with his hands. About the time the officers were taken away, the sentinels on the line between the officers and the enlisted men saw pieces of papers attached to stones thrown across the line. They recovered some of them; I saw them. One was a plan, at a given signal, for the chiefs of divisions and officers to lead a rising. The officers wore the regulation uniform. After the discovery of these papers, the officers were removed to Danville—I think by Major Gee's order. He communicated with authorities at Richmond. A short time after the outbreak, General Winder came to Salisbury. I went into the prison with him. The men crowded around him, and he said the firing had stopped too soon, and "if they tried it again, not a man would be left alive." I think Maj. Gee and General Winder had not met before, and the impression Gen. Winder made on him was not favorable and did not change upon further acquaintance. Major Gee expressed this opinion to me.

The prisoners who went out on working parties were not allowed to make purchases, but the officers in command purchased things for them, at their discretion. These were the orders. I have seen the prisoners return with rolls of provisions. The reason of this was not to allow them to communicate with citizens.—In the case of a prisoner who made inquiry for his release, it appeared, from the paper, that he had consulted with a lawyer, and Gen. Gardner asked how he was permitted to do so, as it was contrary to regulations.

The sentinels had orders to fire upon the large crowds assembled near the walls and dead-line, first ordering them to disperse. The orders to fire were so limited. The fence was frail, and the object of the order was to prevent the crowd from rushing against the wall and breaking it down. Can't say whether this was in effect before or after the outbreak. By the word "crowd," was meant an assemblage of five, six or seven hundred men.

It was not in the power of Major Gee to give a furlough to the sentinel that shot Lieutenant Davis.

After the main firing had ceased at the time of the outbreak, there were not many further shots—an occasional discharge of a piece, perhaps not more than a half dozen shots.

Maj. Gee and Morfit did not get along well together. Maj. Gee complained of Morfit's inefficiency. Maj. Morfit seemed to think that Maj. Gee was inclined to interfere with his department.

There was a garden at the garrison established before I went there, which, I understood, belonged to the officers of the post. I don't know what were done with the vegetables raised in it, think they were divided between Maj. Gee and Prison Surgeon—think there was no objection made by other officers. Can't say whether they were used for the Confederate sick or prisoner of war.

Cross Examined.—I went to the prison on 3rd March, 1864, by order of the Secretary of War. I was under Maj. Gee's orders. Before nor after prisoners of war went there, I never, of my own knowledge, knew of prisoners not being allowed to receive provisions from citizens.

The rations to the prisoners were the same as to the soldiers—1 lb flour and 1 lb of meat. I don't know that they received it. I never knew of pies or other provisions being taken from a prisoner. If they had been, I think I would have known it. I was generally there during the day.

A few of those recruited men returned, who were found to be Americans. The prisoners were offered $50 to enlist. I think nothing more. Never knew of their being offered any rations. I was not alway present when the recruiting officer went in, but when I was, nothing else was offered. I do not think the food would have been an inducement to them. I think the supply of water was sufficient for drinking purposes, not for washing. The want of guards prevented a greater supply. If they had actually suffered for water, I think the guards would have been kept on duty.

Q. If they did suffer, who was responsible?

A. The commander of the troops. His duty was to furnish them upon requisition of commandant of the prison, who should have made the requisition, if necessary; that was his responsibility. There was no want of barrels and plenty of water in the creek. I can't recall how often the guard went on duty. The guard asked for was from 250 to 300 men. I think the number of muskets ran from 500 or 600 to 800 or 900, never exceeding 1200 or 1300.

Maj. Gee complained of his requisitions for rations not being filled; on a few occasions the amount required was not supplied.

Q. If they did not have one-fourth the amount you think they did, do you think Maj. Gee did his whole duty to get them? (Objected to; question sustained.)

A. I know that he did his whole duty.—In that case he would have been responsible; it was his duty to make requisition and it ended there—duty of the Commissary to issue the rations.

There was no further shelter than those tents provided for the prisoners. I think the guards built shelters for themselves of rails, pieces of plank and such things. They commenced to cut trees, on the lawn of a gentleman between a mile and a mile and a half of the prison, and I was ordered to go and stop them. Shelters could have been made for the prisoners if the land had belonged to the government.

I don't recollect Major Gee giving any orders as to digging the burrows in the ground. No one else about there but prisoners of war lived in that kind of burrows; some of the troops dug a foot or two in the ground and built a shelter over it. The burrows were comfortable in dry weather. The ground not more damp than ground ordinarily is.

Q. If this timber could have been obtained, and was not, who was responsible?

A. The post quartermaster. He furnished articles to the prison quartermaster. I do not recollect seeing Maj. Morfit's orders. [Here the Judge Advocate showed to witness a book of hospital records, containing what purported to be a copy of Morfit's orders.] I presume this is a true copy.

Maj. Gee notified the department at Richmond of a general want of quartermaster articles in the prison, when the prisoners of war came, and afterwards.

The Court adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Editors of the *Carolinian*, at Wilson, offer a newspaper office for a weekly for sale at a low figure. Press and material new.

We invite attention to the Card of Conant & Hunter, General Commission Merchants, Portsmouth, Va. This is a most reliable and enterprising firm, and we take pleasure in commending it to the public patronage and confidence.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Peace Institute is called for Wednesday, May 2nd.

CITY CHARTER ELECTION.—Our citizens voted yesterday upon the acceptance or rejection of the new City Charter. The vote stood: For acceptance, 63; for rejection, 159. The election was conducted without excitement.

REVIVAL.—The revival interest continues in the Baptist Church. Many have already connected themselves with the Church and others are still seeking salvation.

The interest in the Methodist Church is growing. The congregation is large and serious, and several are earnestly enquiring after Christ.—Four persons connected themselves with the Church on Sabbath last.

SMOKING TOBACCO.—We are indebted to our friend Kinsey, for an excellent article of smoking tobacco, which he offers on moderate terms. He will close it out low by the barrel.

We regret to learn that E. H. Overton, Esq., Agent of the R. & Gaston Rail Road, at Kittrell's, died at his home on Saturday last. He was a good and useful citizen.

The Rail Road Hotel at Kittrell's, we learn, has changed hands. Dr. G. W. Blacknall, late one of the proprietors of Kittrell's Springs, has purchased the Hotel from Wm. F. Collins, Esq., for $8000.

REV. N. F. REID.—We are glad to learn that this gentleman has arrived at his home in Thomasville, and that he is rapidly regaining his health. He found the climate of New Orleans so enervating, after an attack of fever, as to compel him to return home.

PERSONAL.—The Newbern *Times* says that the Hon. R. S. Donnell is very sick in Washington, N. C.

NEGRO MOVEMENTS.—We understand that the negro camp at Roanoke Island is about to be broken up, and also that opposite Newbern. It seems a resolution has been come to by the Government authorities, to force the negroes they are now feeding in idleness to work for their own living. We believe a large steamer left this port for Roanoke Island on Sunday last, chartered to bring away eight hundred negroes from that camp, and the purpose is to distribute them over the districts of country from which they originally came. A similar proceeding will lead to the clearing out of the Newbern camp. This is all right. The feeding of the negroes at the common expense is nothing less than offering a premium for idleness. There is plenty of work to be had. The negroes, as well as the whites, will have to work for a living, and the sooner they realize the fact, the better for all concerned.—*Newbern Commercial.*

As We Expected.

Exactly as we foretold, the Radicals insist that if there are no loyal white men who can take the test oath here, the negroes should be appointed to office. Forney says that the Post-master-General will find no difficulty with them. They can take the oath without a scruple. Perhaps. It is sure, nevertheless, that the colored people were as hot for secession as any among us, and they aided the prosecution of the war as readily as the whites. However, that is an indifferent matter. We simply wish to call attention to the extreme rancour embodied in Forney's suggestion. We believe that no Northern State has yet filled its offices with negroes, and this proposition is the very quintessence of malice and insolence. This Secretary of the Senate is a poor dog indeed, and would doubtless be very well displaced by some African brother, who, however black his skin, cannot have so black a heart as John W. Forney. Forney is becoming insufferable in his arrogance. The mere scribe of the body he serves, he is inflated with the idea that he is no insignificant member of the Government, and as the Chariot of State dashes along, he, the fly upon a hub, assumes an air, and cries, "What a dust we raise!"—*Richmond Examiner.*

A Remarkable Case.

DISEASE IN WHICH THE LUNGS AND THROAT ARE INVOLVED.—Mrs. Phebe Perkinson, Petersburg, Va., (Aug. 26, 1855,) says: "I hereby certify, that two years ago last June, I was afflicted with a disease commonly called the Breast Complaint, the pain and weakness in the breast continued to increase so that I could not bear my clothes fastened on me for the space of two years; I found great difficulty in breathing; a general debility prevailed over my whole system—so much so, that I could not walk up the steps without drawing myself up by the banister; had a continued hacking cough, which distressed me greatly, four times during my illness had Hemorrhage of the Lungs. All medical treatment failed to afford me relief; it was the opinion of my friends that I must die with the consumption; I was advised to use the SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS; after using three boxes, strictly according to directions, I find myself *in the enjoyment of perfect health*; I have a good appetite, have become as fleshy as I ever was, sleep sound and pleasant, and can perform any duty with as much strength and vigor as I ever did. They certainly have acted like a perfect charm on me."

☞ For sale by the Druggists. Directions accompany each box. Sent to any part of the United States for $3 per dozen. Address,

GEORGE W. DEEMS & CO.,
Baltimore, Md.

April 3, 199, 1m

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina	30
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	15
" Lexington at Graham	15
" Roxborough	25
" Wadesborough	10
" Thomasville	15
" Wilmington	10
" Commerce	10
" Washington	5
" Fayetteville	7
" Clarendon	5
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planters' Bank	15
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	15
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	10
Merchants' Bank, Newbern	25
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20
Gold	123
Silver	118
Old Coupons	46
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	75
Old Sixes	81
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	12
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	5
" Fayetteville	5
" Lexington	10
" North Carolina [Gold]	25
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	15
" Wadesboro	10
" Wilmington	10
" Washington	5
" Yanceyville	5
Commercial Wilmington	10
Farmers' Greensboro	15
Merchants', Newbern	25
Miners' and Planters'	15
Virginia Bank notes, average	15
South Carolina "	13
Georgia "	10
Gold	123
Silver	118
Old North Carolina Coupons	45
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
North Carolina 6's, ten Coupons on	80
Exchange on New York	¼

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY JORDAN WOMBLE,
GROCER,
No. 8, Hargett Street.

APPLES—Dried	$2 00 @ 2 50
Green	2 50 @ bush
BEEF	12-15cc @ lb
BACON	18@20lb dull
BUTTER	40c @ lb
BLUESTONE	40c. @ lb
BEESWAX	30c @ lb
CANDLES	40 @ lb
COTTON YARN	3 50 @ bale
COTTON	25@30c @ lb
CHEESE	35c @ lb
CHICKENS	35 50c each
COFFEE	35c @ lb
CORN	120 125 @ bush
EGGS	20 @ doz
FRESH PORK	12½@15c @ lb
FODDER	2 25 2 50 @ cwt.
FLOUR—Superfine	10 50 @ bbl
Family	13 00 @ bbl
HIDES—Green	10c @ lb
Dry	15c @ lb
HAY	2 00@2 25 @ cwt.
LARD	20@25c @ lb
MEAL	1 25 130 @ bush
MULLETTS	12 00 @ bbl
MACKEREL	20 00 @ bbl
HERRINGS	9 00 @ bbl
NAILS	12½c @ lb
ONIONS	2 00 @ bush
PEACHES—Dried	12½@15 @ lb
PEAS—White	1 25@140 bush
Stock	1 00-120 @ bush
POTATOES—Irish	1 50 to 2 50 @ bush.
Sweet	1 25 @ bush.
SUGAR—Crushed	30c @ lb
Brown	18 to20c @ lb
MOLASSES	90 to 1 00 @ gal.
RAGS	3c @ lb
SODA—Cooking	20c @ lb

A NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE!

DR. MAGGIEL is the founder of a new Medical System! The quantitarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the man who restores health and appetite, with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent sores with a box or so of his wonderful and all healing Salve. These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast supersecing all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the (so called) remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box full taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Maggiel's Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits light and buoyant! There is no griping, and no reaction in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected, its functions are restored; and if the nervous system is feeble it is invigorated. This last quality makes the medicines very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Ulcerous and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant power of Maggiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that **Maggiel's Bilious, Dyspeptic and Diarrhœa Pills** cure where all others fail. While for Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Cuts and all abrasions of the skin **Maggiel's Salve** is infallible. Sold by J. MAGGIEL, 43 Fulton Street, New York, and all Druggists, at 25 cts. per box. Sold by all Druggists in Raleigh.

April 19 tf

TAX LIST!

I will attend at the Court House, in Raleigh, on Wednesday the 18th, Thursday 19th, Friday 21st, Saturday 22d of April, to take the list of taxables for Raleigh District, under the State revenue law.

Punctual attendance is expected.

J. D. PULLEN,

April 11 206 td

SODA WATER!

SODA WATER!!

SODA WATER!!!

COOL, SPARKLING SODA WATER.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON!

At the Fountains of

A. R. RAVEN & CO.,

Hillsboro' Street,

One door west Exchange Hotel.

April 14-209-tf

NO. 1 LEAF LARD!

2000 pounds N. C. Leaf Lard.
In Store and for Sale by
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17 tf

NORTH CAROLINA BACON!

15,000 lbs., on hand, for sale by
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17 tf

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!!

One HUNDRED BARRELS of good Flour in store
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17 tf

MOLASSES!!

We HAVE ON hand 300 gallons of No. 1 SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES.
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17 tf

☞ Its Effect is Miraculous. ☜

IT is an entirely new scientific discovery, combining many of the most powerful and restorative agents in the *vegetable kingdom.*

We have such confidence in its merits, and are so sure it will do all we claim for it that we offer

$1,000 REWARD

if the **Sicilian Hair Renewer** does not give satisfaction in all cases when used in strict accordance with our instructions.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer

has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the Hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

It is not a Dye, it strikes at the roots and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter.

It will restore Gray Hair to its original Color.

It will keep the Hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp, and makes the Hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid Hair-Dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

It is recommended and used by the **first Medical authority.**

☞ Ask for Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietors,
Nashua, N. H.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. Williams & Haywood and P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb. 16-166-eod & w12m.

A BOON TO THE SICK AND THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS AND SALVE.

These Life-giving remedies are now given publicly to the world. For over a quarter of a century of private practice the ingredients in these

LIFE-GIVING PILLS!

Have been used with the greatest success. Their mission is not only to prevent disease, but to cure. They search out the various maladies by which the patient is suffering, and re-invigorate the failing system. To the aged and infirm a few doses of these valuable PILLS will prove to be

A VERY FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH,

For in every case they add new life and vitality, and restore the waning energies to their pristine state.—To the young and middle-aged they will prove most invaluable, as a ready, specific, and sterling medicine. Here is a dream realized, that Ponce de Leon sought for three hundred years ago, and never found. He looked for a fountain that would restore the old to vigor and make youth ever

An Eternal Spring!

It was left for this day and hour to realize the dream, and show in one glorious fact, that magic that made it fair.

THESE FAMOUS REMEDIES

Cannot stay the flight of years, but they can force back, and hold aloof, diseases that might triumph over the aged and the young. Let none hesitate then, but seize the favorable opportunity the offers. When taken as prescribed—

FOR BILLIOUS DISORDERS

Nothing can be more productive of cure than these Pills. Their almost magic influence is felt at once; and the usual concomitants of this most distressing disease are removed. These remedies are made from the purest—

VEGETABLE COMPOUNDS,

They will not harm the most delicate female, and can be given with good effect in prescribed doses to the youngest babe.

FOR CUTANEOUS DISORDERS

And all eruptions of the skin, the SALVE is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very root of the evil!

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS.

Invariably cure the following Diseases.

Asthma,
Bowel Complaints,
Coughs,
Colds,
Chest Diseases,
Costiveness,
Dyspepsia,
Diarrhœa,
Dropsy,
Debility,
Female Complaints, Fever and Ague,
Headache,
Indigestion,
Influenza,
Inflammation,
Inward weakness,
Liver Complaint,
Lowness of Spirits,
Ringworm,
Rheumatism,
Salt Rheum,
Scalds,
Skin Diseases.

☞ **Notice.**—None genuine without the engraved trade mark around each pot or box, signed by DR. J. MAGGIEL, 43 Fulton st., New York, to counterfeit which is felony.

☞ Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and Canadas—at 25 cents per box or pot.

April 19 tf

TO THE TRADE.

130 Doz.	Pocket Knives all sizes and prices.
50 "	Knives and Forks,
50 "	Hand Saw Files,
20 "	Mill " "
70 "	Pad Locks,
20 "	Stock "
10 "	Whittemore No. 10 A Cards,
10 "	Scythe Blades
3 "	Grass "
10 "	Sifters,
3 "	Coffee Mills,
18 "	Brooms,
10 "	Spades,
5 "	Long Handle Shovels,
5 "	" " Forks,
200 Kegs	Parke Mills' Cut nails from 3 to 20 s,
20 Coils	Baling Rope,
50 Kegs	Mule Shoes,
20 "	Horse "
900 Lbs.	Horse Shoe Nails,
1000 "	Bar Iron assorted sizes,
800 "	Bagging Twine,
200 "	Lute Wraping Twine,
50	Grindstones weighing from 80 to 2000 lbs.

In store and will be sold low.

April 16 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

GIN, RUM AND WHISKEY.

2 Doz. Holland Gin by the case or bottle,
2 " Clover Leaf " " "
3 " Jamaica Rum " " "
2 " Old Monongahela Whisky "

These liquors are pure and of the very best quality.

April 16-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

LIME AND SALT.

100 Bbls. Rockland Lime,
50 sacks Fine Salt,
25 " Ground Alum Salt.
All in good order.

April 16 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

BACON AND LARD.

2000 Lbs Bright Bacon Sides,
1500 " Prime white N. C. Lard, in Kegs and Barrels
Rec'd this day at

April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

CORN AND HAY.

1000 Bushels Roanoke Corn
50 Bales best Timothy Hay.
Arriving daily

April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

FAMILY FLOUR.

30 Bbls. "Hawkins Mills,"
20 " "St Leons "
Best in the market at

April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

YARNS AND SHEETINGS.

20 Bales Cotton Yarns,
5 " 44 Brown Sheetings.
Which we will sell low to close consignment.

April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS!

1 New Iron Axle Wagon, New York make, 2 horse
2 New Iron Axle Dump Carts,
2 New Iron Axle Push Carts,
15 Wheelbarrows,
10 Store or Warehouse Trucks.

All of the above are of the very best quality, and will be sold at a small advance on New York cost.

In addition to the above we keep all kinds of Plows and Plow Castings, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Axles, &c.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

March 181, 166, tf

PRUSSIAN BLUE.

50 Cans 100 lbs Prussian Blue.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

March 1,171, tf

CLEANSE THE BLOOD.

With corrupt, disordered or vitiated Blood, you are sick all over. It may burst out in Pimples, or Sores, or in some active disease, or it may merely keep you listless, depressed and good for nothing. But you cannot have good health while your Blood is impure. AYER'S SARSAPARILLIA purges out these impurities and stimulates the organs of life into vigorous action, restoring the health and expelling disease. Hence it rapidly cures a variety of complaints which are caused by impurity of the blood, such as Scrofula, or Kings' Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Cancer or Cancerous Tumors, Sore Eyes, Female Diseases, such as Retention, Irregularity, Suppression, Whites, Sterility, also Syphilis or Venereal Diseases, Liver Complaints, and Heart Diseases. Try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and see for yourself the surprising activity with which it cleanses the blood and cures these disorders.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract o Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself has become synonym as with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound "Sarsaparilla," and intend to apply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. We can only assure the sick, that we offer them the best alterative which we know how to produce, and we have reason to believe, it is by far the most effectual purifier of the blood yet discovered by any body.

Ayers Cherry Pectoral is so universally known to surpass every other remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease, that it is useless here to recount the evidence of its virtues. The world knows them.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

Williams & Haywood, P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C., and Dealers generally.

April 3, 199, 2m

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON WEEKLY LINE OF FIRST CLASS STEAMSHIPS.

Starlight, Capt. Pedrick,
Washington, Capt. Chichester,
Rebecca Clyde, Capt. Young.

Passage, having superior Accommodations, $25.

This route offers greater inducements than any other in the State. One of the above Steamers will always be up in New York and sail weekly, or oftener, if loaded.

Freight consigned to the Agent of the Steamers or to C. G. Budley, Agent Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road, will be forwarded promptly, and expense collected at point of destination, free of commission and all extra charges.

AGENTS IN NEW YORK.

ARTHUR LEARY, 73 William St.,
JAMES HAND, 117 Wall St.,
HORACE M. BARRY, Agt.,
Wilmington N. C.

The WILMINGTON & WELDON RAIL ROAD, having largely increased their rolling stock, are now prepared to move freight promptly from all points, and will give preference to through Steamer freight over all other. Two daily trains are now running and freight per Steamer will always go forward, on day of arrival.

In order to save expense and insure prompt dispatch, order goods in New York shipped by regular Express line foot of Wall St.,

April 5-201-1m

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. F. CARRAWAY

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL HOUSE
AND
HARDWARE STORE.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

22 *Pollock Street, Newbern, N. C*
Water Street, Wilmington, "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of

Farmers',
Millers',
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,
AND OTHER
Hardware
Agricultural Implements.
Leather and Rubber Belting
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.

and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of
Machinery or Castings
Agents for
R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire
and Burglar Proof Safes,

which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.

Jan. 30, 145, tf.

A. A. WILLARD,

Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Groceries and General Merchandize,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 30 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO

Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear, Greensboro.
Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James Corner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 127, 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of

Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs Dowley, Corners & Co, New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

MERCHANDIZE

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of

GROCERIES,

kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES, with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—key weighing only one-quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown-Sheeting,

for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C

January 26, 142, 6m.

Bacon.

5000 POUNDS of Shoulders, bright and dry, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2 148 tf

Candles.

150 BOXES "Adamantine" for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

Coffee.

RIO and Java Coffee for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148 tf

Sugar.

REFINED and Cub. Sugar for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Cuba Molasses.

IN hogsheads and barrels, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

CORN! CORN!!

5000 Bushels prime White Corn in Store, and for sale by A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179 tf Wilmington N. C.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

700 Bbls Fine, Super and Family, now landing and daily expecting. For sale by A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179-tf Wilmington, N. C.

Cotton Yarn and Sheetings.

75 BALES for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2 148, tf.

HART & LEWIS,

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
AGENTS FOR
"STEWART'S EXTENSION TOP,"
"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH,"
AND
"Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.
J. BROWN.
April 9 204-3m With HART & LEWIS.

PETER MALLETT. CHARLES HOFFMAN.

MALLETT & HOFFMAN,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 23 N. Water St.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

April 3-199-3m

SIFTERS.

10 doz. Assorted sizes,
at
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

March 20, 187, tf.

A LARGE LOT OF OLD
NICK WILLIAMS WHISKEY.

In ten and five gallon kegs, just received.

ALSO

Several barrels and ten and five gallon kegs of BITTING'S Yadkin County Whiskey. We have also on hand Cozad's Corn Whiskey, and Apple and Peach Brandy.

April 14-tf COOPER & MOORE.

A CARD

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, Nash street, next door to Capitol Square, and respectfully invites his customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store

J. BROWN.

No. 41. FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

SPRING TRADE 1866.

LARGE ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK
OF
Miscellaneous Hardware.

WOOD WARE.

CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE,
HOLLOW WARE,
TIN WARE,
SWEDES & AMERICAN IRON,
STEEL,
A FOR SANDING STOCK OF BUGGY MATERIALS.
LAMPS, LANTERNS,
LAMP WICKS & CHIMNEYS,
KEROSENE OIL,
WHITE LEAD & OTHER PAINTS,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
LINSEED OIL,
WINDOW GLASS FROM 8 x 10 to 30 x 36,
PUTTY,
AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF BUILDERS MATERIALS,
LOCKS & NAILS,
FAMILY GROCERIES, &
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
TWENTY COOKING STOVES OF VARIOUS APPROVED PATTERNS,
PLATED KNIVES,
FORKS,
TEA & DINNER SPOONS,

Call and examine our stock,

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, April 9-204-3m

SPRING GOODS

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.

Would respectfully call attention to their New Stock of

Spring And Summer.

DRESS GOODS.

Ladies Trimmed Hats.
Bonnets, Shawls, Balmorals,
White Goods, Hoop Skirts,
Hosiery, Insertings,
Edgings, Laces &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Boots, Shoes and Hats,
JEANS, TWEEDS AND SATINETTS,
Sugar, Coffee and Tea.

Bourbon Whiskey, French Brandy and Holland Gin.

Raleigh N. C.

March 20-187-tf

HAVENS & LATHAM,

SOUTH EAST CORNER OF CRAVEN AND SOUTH FRONT STEETS,
NEWBERN, N. C.,

Solicit consignments of
COTTON, YARNS,
DRIED FRUIT, &c.,

and will give particular attention to the purchasing and shipping all kinds of GRAIN. Orders from the West will receive their prompt attention.

Refer to:

MITCHELL & ALLEN,
Newbern, N. C.
W. B. GULICK,
PULASKI COWPER,
R. S. TUCKER,
Raleigh, N. C.
D. W. C. BENBOW,
JNO. SLOAN,
Greensboro, N. C.
HENRY TATE,
Charlotte N. C.
BROWN & MOTT,
Salisbury, N. C.
F. D. STOCKTON,
Statesville, N. C.

Newbern, March 30-196 1m.

NEW GOODS.

LOW PRICES,

BOUGHT SINCE THE DECLINE.

THERE IS NOT A MORE DESIRABLE STOCK OF NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Comprising A general assortment, than those we have just purchased in the Northern Cities, and now offer to our customers and the public. None can undersell us and live by selling goods.

It is gratifying to know that our last and judgment in selecting goods, are appreciated, as shown not only by *expression*, that our goods are not surpassed in style and beauty, but by the way we sell them.

We would call attention to our

FAMILY GROCERIES.

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, &c.,

TRY OUR TEA—it is good,

L. E. HEARTT,
Raleigh April 7-203-2w Agent.

UNDERTAKER,
AND
CABINET MAKER.

The undersigned, thankful for the patronage already received from the people of Raleigh and its vicinity, begs leave to inform his customers and the public, that he has removed his business to the shop lately occupied by Mr. John Myatt, near the Masonic Lodge, where he will promptly attend to all business in his line.

N. B. He desires also to sell his shop, with a quarter of an acre of land attached, which he lately occupied on Blount Street.

HENRY J. BROWN.

April 14, 2w.

FOR SALE.

A RESIDENCE IN CHAPEL HILL.

It is a very handsome place in the Western part of the village. The dwelling house was built, a few years ago, by Mrs. M. C. Southerland, its former owner and is large and roomy, having eight rooms and a passage. Appurtenant are all the necessary out buildings, and five acres of land.

The property will be sold cheap and the terms made accommodating.

Those wishing to purchase, can apply to KEMP P. BATTLE, Esq., at Raleigh, he being my agent for the sale.

A. J. DeROSSET,
April 5-201-2w Wilmington N. C.

Standard copy two weeks.

REMOVAL!

NEW STOCK!
NEW STORE!

SPLENDID LIGHT!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT AND THE Lowest prices are the Great Inducements
For Buying your

DRY GOODS,

AT
THOMAS SMITH'S NEW STORE,
25 Sycamore Street.

1866. SPRING TRADE. 1866.

IN OPENING THE

SPRING TRADE,

I would return my most grateful thanks to the citizen of Petersburg and the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage extended the past season, and hope to merit its further continuance by holding out still further inducements.

My present facilities are beyond doubt unequalled, and no effort will be spared to place before our patrons Goods

AT THE LOWEST PRICE,

that the present market value will admit of, and in many instances much below, as we are constantly represented at the large auction sales, where goods are frequently sold much less than cost of importation. These, with

Many Other Available Facilities,

I pledge myself to use to the best interest of our customers.

The stock is now much larger and better assorted than at any time previous, having added a complete assortment of

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

Among them the most elegant
Satin Damask,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Wine Cloths,
Piano and Table Covers,
Stair Linen,
Linen Druggets,
Table Linen,
Napkins, Doilies,
Towels, Crash

—ALSO—

WHITE GOODS,

Of which I have always kept a good stock, is now replete with everything the market affords. Besides, a very handsome stock of

Needlework,
Edgings, Insertings,
Laces and Embroideries.

THE STOCK OF
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Must be seen to be appreciated. I therefore invite all to an inspection, and in catering so well for the ladies, I would assure the gentlemen they have not been forgotten. The assortment of

Cloths,
Cassimeres,
—AND—
Furnishing Goods Generally,

Is complete, and it is hoped those in want of goods of this class will not fail to give us a call.

To the Merchants of

Virginia and North Carolina,

who have so liberally patronized us the past season, I return my most grateful thanks, and solicit an early call, assuring them they will find our goods at as low prices as any house North or South.

THOMAS SMITH,
25 Sycamore Street,
Petersburg, Va.

I have secured the Agency for the States of Virginia and North Carolina, for the sale of the

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

It is undoubtedly the best Family Sewing Machine in existence.

Read the following recommendations:

1st.

Its Simplicity and Great Range of Work

2nd.

Its making four different Stitches, viz: Lock, Knot Double Lock, Double Knot.

3rd.

The Reverse Feed Motion, operated by simply turning a thumb screw, enabling the operator to run the work to the right or to the left, and convenience of self-fastening the ends of seams.

4th.

The Perfect Finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made.

5th.

The Rapidity of its Working, and the quality of the work done.

6th.

Its Self-Adjusting Tension.

It makes the

Celebrated Elastic Stitch.

BUY
THE BEST!
LOOK BEFORE YOU BUY!!

IT MAKES
NO NOISE
WHILE RUNNING

☞ One thing is settled beyond a doubt: persons wanting Sewing Machines, no longer hesitate which to buy. The FLORENCE leads the world It needs only to be seen to be appreciated

AGENTS WANTED,

In every town in Virginia and North Carolina
March 12-4, tf

WILLIAM WEDDELL, ALEX. W. WEDDELL.

WM. WEDDELL & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers
in
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
of
Every Description.

113 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

Orders from our friends in North Carolina will be carefully filled and promptly forwarded. Merchants requiring our services will be accommodated upon reasonable terms. Feb 17, 161, 3m

WATSON'S GALLERY!

PHOTOGRAPHS—THE ART CONTINUES TO IMPROVE.

I HAVE the pleasure to announce to the citizens of Raleigh, and North Carolina, that, in addition to the many beautiful styles of Photographs, that I am now making that most beautiful of all pictures,

PORCELAIN,

or Albatype. They are as fine as ivory paintings.—Call and examine specimens.

J. W. WATSON,
Raleigh, April 5-201 tf

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!
JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs) Wilmington, N. C.
Dec. 4-10-tf.

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP,

By Saving and Using your Waste Grease.

BUY ONE BOX OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER,

Or, CONCENTRATED LYE.

IT will make 10 pounds of excellent Hard Soap, or 25 gallons of the very best Soft Soap, for only about 35 cents. Directions on each box. For sale at all Drug and Grocery stores, and in lots at wholesale by

WM. M. ELLICOTT & SONS,
No. 3 Spear's Wharf,
Feb 28, 170, 3m Baltimore, Md.

RALEIGH, 1866.

LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE.

THE old and well established

Ætna Company, of Hartford,

Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With assetts of $2,300,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year, to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $5000, or $10,000 or $20,000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would not feel thankful on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every proper means to place those nearest and dearest to him, above the pinchings of want, and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8 819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15, 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,683,339 57; total disbursements $527 805 24, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,155,234 33.

In Raleigh, a large number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minister to the necessities of a sorrowing family. Delays are dangerous, procrastination destructive. But one says, "If I only had confidence in the Company that it would pay, I would insure." Well, it never has failed to pay, and to-day is more responsible than ever before. It is patronized by some of the most sagacious minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't, "
N. H. D. WILSON, Greensboro.
C. W. DOWNING, Charlotte.
JOHN C. SLOCUMB, Goldsboro.
MITCHELL & ALLEN, Newbern.
J. A. WILLARD, Wilmington

Jan. 27, 142, 3m

JONES' HAIR RESTORER.

FOR
Preserving, Beautifying and Preventing The Hair from Falling off.

Made and sold by

JOHN A. JONES,
Barber and Practical Hair Dresser.
March 23, 190, 1m Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

10,000lbs. Old Steel in lots to suit farmers for plantation work, as cheap or cheaper than Iron and much better. Apply to

J. C. R. LITTLE, Store Keeper.
ALBERT JOHNSON,
Raleigh, April 9 tf Gen'l Sup't R. & G. R. R. Co

Standard and Progress copy tf.

IMPORTANT SANITARY NOTICE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, April 18, 1866

The attention of the citizens of Raleigh is respectfully called to the following ordinance:

Be it ordained by the commissioners of the city of Raleigh:

That it shall be the duty of the city constables, under the direction of the mayor, to investigate the condition of the privies, back-yards and other places in the city where filth may exist and notify the owner or tenant of the grounds where the same may be, to cleanse the same and remove said filth, and if within five days after such notification such cleaning and removal shall not be made, the persons in default shall be fined ten dollars, and five dollars additional for each day thereafter during which such nuisance may continue.

By order of the board. WM. H. HARRISON,
April 20-5t Mayor.

Fresh Boat Carolina Rice.

30 CASKS prime quality, just received ex-Schooner C. E. Page from Charleston for sale by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
March 13, 181,

E. H. POGUE,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
TIN WARE,
HILLSBORO, N. C.

Attention of Merchants invited, and orders solicited. WANTED—Two good Tinners. Apply to, or address E. H. POGUE,
Feb 23, 165, 3ms. Hillsboro, N. C.

LORILLARD FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $512,000.
C. NORWOOD, Prest, JNO. C. HILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.
November 22-90-tf.

Standard copy till forbid.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandize, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.
Greensboro, Nov. 17 82-tf.

THE
Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,
CASH ASSETS,
Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negociable and Bankable
CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE
Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't* C. P. Mendenhall.
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't* Jo. W. Holden.
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier.*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE
Insurance Company,

OF
New Orleans, Louisiana
CAPITAL, - - - $555 000.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz; Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent
Raleigh, Nov. 3 74 tf

SALISBURY BRASS BAND

REORGANIZED 1st January, 1866, on a larger scale than formerly, under the direction of its former tutor, W. H. NEAVE, who was also chief music writer and Band Teacher in Gen. Lee's army. He will be assisted in leadship and direction by his brother, Ed. Neave, leader during the entire late war of Gen. Lee's best and most favorite band, viz: 4th N. C. The Band is composed of the best members of the old Band, together with the best members of several of the fine Bands trained by W. H. Neave, in camps, who have moved to Salisbury from all points in the State to follow their respective vocations and continue the study and practice of music. This Band will be a permanent institution for all State and festive occasions, and will equal the best to be found in the world, if sustained by those desiring a fine order of Brass and String music; if not, it must go down after this year.

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Salisbury has been selected for Musical Headquarters for its central position.

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March 15, 183, tf

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November 29, 1865 96 6ms

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October 28, 1865-69 6m

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